



**THIRD QUARTER 2015 MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
AS AT AND FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED  
APRIL 30, 2015**

## Blackbird Energy Inc. Third Quarter 2015 Management's Discussion and Analysis

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") has been prepared by management and reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Blackbird Energy Inc. ("Blackbird" or the "Company") as of June 25, 2015. This MD&A is a review of the operational results of Blackbird. All financial information is presented in Canadian dollars unless otherwise stated.

This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the periods ended April 30, 2015 and 2014 and with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the periods ended July 31, 2014 and 2013, prepared under International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). Readers are cautioned that this MD&A contains "non-IFRS measures" and "forward-looking statements" which are discussed at the end of this MD&A.

### About Blackbird Energy Inc.

Blackbird is a Canadian energy company actively engaged in crude oil and natural gas exploration, development and production in a key area of the Western Canada Sedimentary Basin. Blackbird is focused on creating long-term shareholder value through a successful exploration program and prudent financial management. Blackbird's shares are widely held and publicly traded on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol "BBI".

Blackbird's strategic platform for growth includes the exploration and development of its 100% working interest Elmworth Montney property ("Elmworth" or "Elmworth Montney") as well as strategic acquisitions. In addition to Blackbird's Elmworth property the Company holds non-core assets in Saskatchewan and Alberta, from which all of the Company's current production is derived.

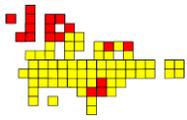
Blackbird's core property, Elmworth, consists of 81 sections of highly prospective Montney land. This land is in close proximity to lands currently being developed by several competitors. The Elmworth property is located in the liquids-rich gas corridor of the Montney, which has up to 200 metres of aggregate net pay in at least three potential zones: the upper; middle; and lower Montney.

### Q3 2015 Operating Summary

The third quarter of 2015 saw significant activity for Blackbird. This activity was centered on strengthening our highly prospective Elmworth Montney land base, further building our team, and working diligently to gain access to infrastructure to allow for the production of our shut-in 6-26-70-07W6 ("6-26") and 5-26-70-07W6 ("5-26") wells. Subsequent to April 30, 2015, the Company also successfully divested non-core Saskatchewan assets.

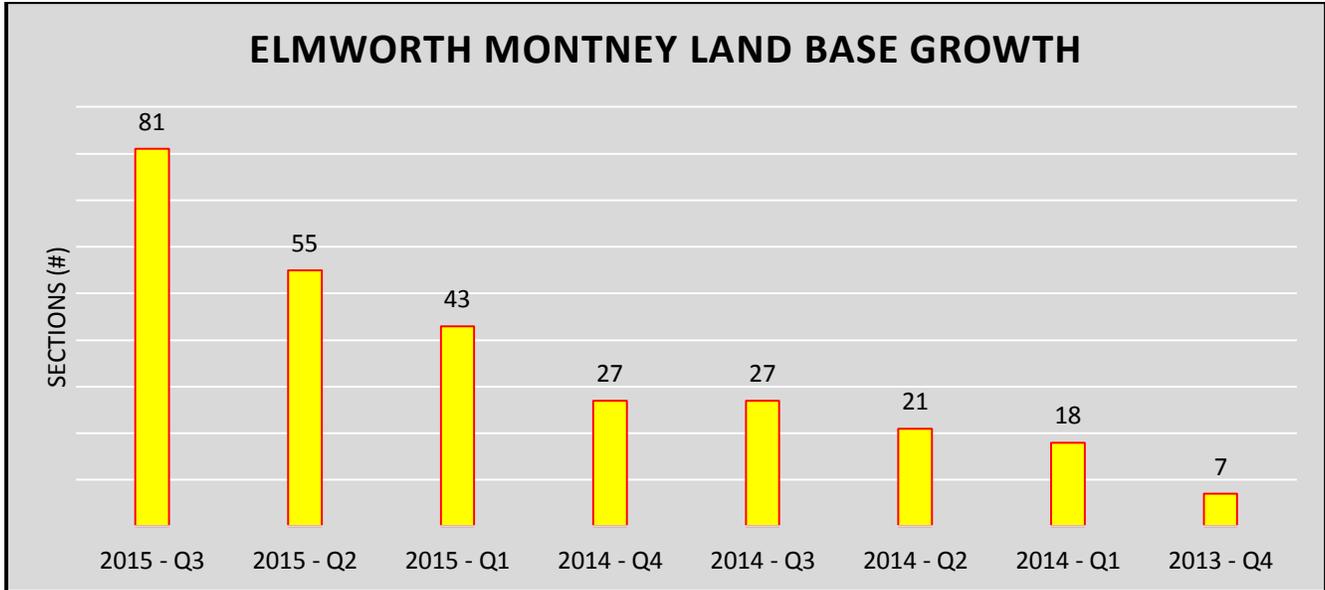
#### ELMWORTH MONTNEY LAND BASE

During the three and nine months ended April 30, 2015, the Company acquired an additional 26 and 54 sections of Elmworth Montney undeveloped land for cash consideration of \$1.7 million and \$5.2 million, respectively. During the nine months ended April 30, 2015, the Company also acquired 77 sections of East Wapiti Montney undeveloped land for cash consideration of \$0.5 million.



### ELMWORTH MONTNEY LAND BASE (CONTINUED)

With these acquisitions, Blackbird now holds a 100% working interest in 81 sections (51,840 net acres) at the Company’s core Elmworth Montney project.



### BUILDING OUR TEAM

During the three months ended April 30, 2015, Blackbird continued to strengthen its team by appointing a Vice President, Operations. The Company also promoted its Controller to the position of Chief Financial Officer.

During the three months ended January 31, 2015, the Company appointed a Vice President, Exploration.

During the three months ended October 31, 2014, the Company hired a Vice President, Drilling and Completions and a Manager, Land. Blackbird also benefited from the appointment of Kevin Andrus to its Board of Directors. Mr. Andrus is the portfolio Manager of Energy Investments at GMT Capital Corp.

Subsequent to April 30, 2015, the Company appointed Burton Joel Ahrens to its Board of Directors. Mr. Ahrens is the President of The Edgehill Corporation and brings with him a wealth of oil and gas experience focused in venture capital and law. He also serves currently as a director of Canadian Energy Services and Technology Corp.

Blackbird anticipates that these organizational changes will facilitate the development of its Elmworth assets and its pursuit of strategic opportunities for the benefit of Blackbird’s shareholders. During the three months ended April 30, 2015, the Company announced the departure of its Chief Operating Officer.

### FUNDING OPERATIONS

On December 9, 2014, the Company completed the second and final tranche of a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$1,485,000, consisting of 3,300,000 flow-through shares at a price of \$0.45 per flow-through share.

## **FUNDING OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)**

On December 5, 2014, the Company completed the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$5,782,750 consisting of 12,850,555 flow-through shares at a price of \$0.45 per flow-through share.

On October 21, 2014, the Company completed a brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$30,406,030 consisting of 86,207,000 special warrants at a price of \$0.29 per special warrant and 15,900,000 flow-through common shares at a price of \$0.34 per share. In conjunction with the brokered private placement, the Company also completed a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$7,000,090 consisting of 24,138,241 special warrants at a price of \$0.29 per special warrant.

Each special warrant entitled the holder to receive, for no additional consideration upon exercise, one common share. On December 18, 2014, the Company obtained a receipt for its final short form prospectus filed with the securities regulatory authorities in the provinces of British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba and Ontario (the “receipt”). The receipt qualified the distribution of common shares upon the deemed exercise of the aforementioned special warrants. On December 23, 2014, as a result of the receipt, all 110,345,241 special warrants were exercised.

In addition to the private placements discussed above, Blackbird divested its non-core Bigstone asset for cash proceeds of \$8.8 million during the three months ended October 31, 2014, as discussed under the heading “Q3 2015 Financial Highlights: Core Operations and Properties – Capital Expenditures and Divestitures” below.

## **SALE OF NON-CORE SASKATCHEWAN ASSETS**

Subsequent to April 30, 2015, Blackbird successfully completed a sale of non-core assets located in Saskatchewan. The deal included 19 wellbores and associated mineral rights from the Flaxcombe and Eatonia areas which were part of the Company’s Saskatchewan Minor Cash Generating Unit (“CGU”).

The sale closed with an effective date of June 1, 2015. Blackbird received cash proceeds of \$50 thousand as consideration for the sale of these properties. The properties had a carrying value of \$0.2 million and associated decommissioning liabilities of \$0.9 million. With the proceeds and the discharge of decommissioning liabilities, an accounting gain of approximately \$0.8 million will be recognized on the transaction during the year ended July 31, 2015.

The divestiture of these Saskatchewan assets marks a significant milestone as the Company continues to shift focus away from non-core operations and onto its Elmworth asset.

## **KEY TOPICS OF THIS MD&A**

In this MD&A Blackbird will first discuss critical topics related to its core operations and properties, such as the substantial capital requirements associated with the Company’s future growth plans; the Company’s current liquidity and capital resources; the Company’s share capital; the capital expenditures and divestitures made during the quarter; and the operational results for the quarter. This will be followed by a discussion of the third quarter 2015 financial and operating highlights related to the Company’s non-core assets and operations.

## Q3 2015 Financial Highlights: Core Operations and Properties

### CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Blackbird must make substantial capital expenditures in order to maintain its current capacity, to meet planned growth and to fund future development activities. These expenditures relate to items both committed to as a result of past transactions, such as the contingencies and commitments discussed below, and also to amounts for which Blackbird has not yet made any commitment, such as future capital expenditures related to Elsworth.

During the nine months ended April 30, 2015, the Company successfully drilled, completed, and tested its first two 100% working interest Elsworth Montney wells located at 6-26 and 5-26. The costs incurred to drill, complete, and test the 6-26 and 5-26 wells as of April 30, 2015, were \$21.6 million, and no further material costs are expected. Blackbird is working diligently to reduce capital expenditures on future wells, particularly with respect to the reduction of drilling days and due to the depressed commodity price environment.

In addition, Blackbird is proactively addressing its material uncertainties with respect to access, egress, and infrastructure (collectively “infrastructure”) which will require further capital expenditure. The amount of capital expenditure required to address these material uncertainties related to infrastructure is not yet known by the Company but it is anticipated to be material.

As a result of the Company’s current commitments, expected expenditures not yet committed, and the material uncertainty with respect to infrastructure, management expects that the Company will require further funding in the form of additional equity issuances, the assumption of debt, off-balance sheet financing, or a combination thereof in order to meet its planned growth objectives and to fund future development activities.

Blackbird has announced its summer drill program consisting of one horizontal well targeting the condensate-rich middle Montney at its Elsworth Montney project. This will be part of the continued effort to delineate the Company’s Montney acreage. Management intends to spud the well, subject to the timing of license approval, at the beginning of the third quarter of the calendar year 2015.

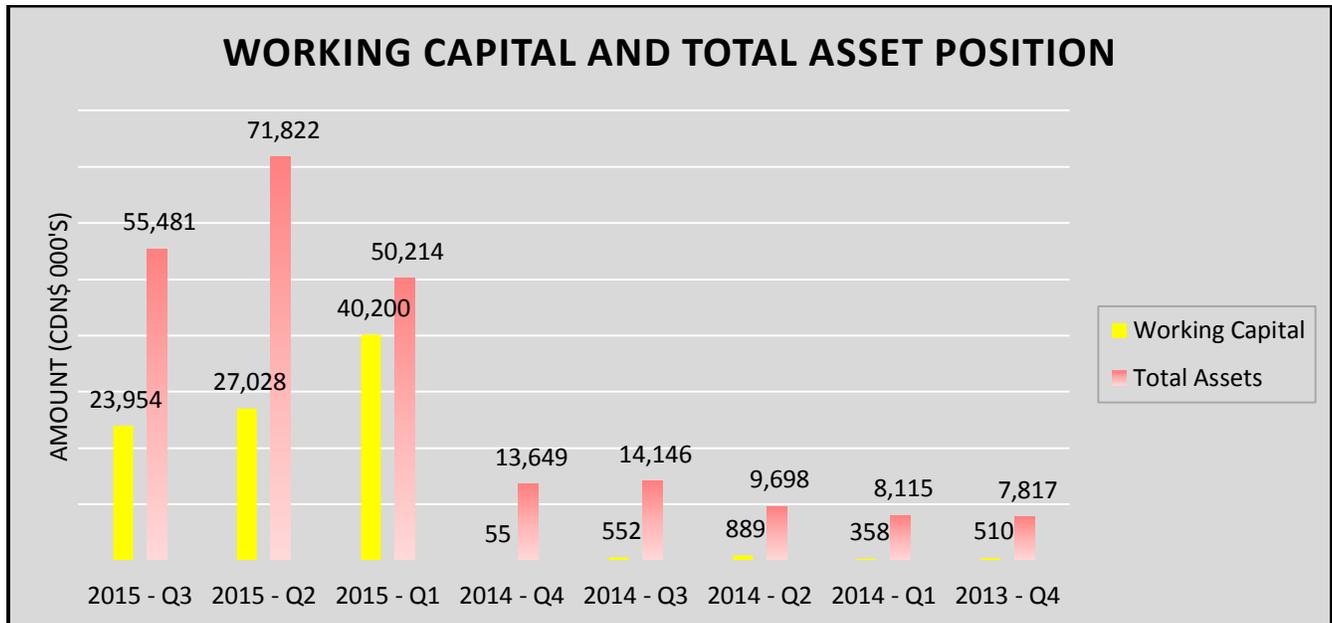
### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

<i>(CDN\$ thousands)</i>	April 30 2015	July 31 2014
Cash and cash equivalents	23,121	682
Accounts receivable	766	274
Inventory <sup>(1)</sup>	332	-
Prepaid expenses and deposits	587	192
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(852)	(304)
Loan payable	-	(387)
Convertible debentures	-	(386)
Flow-through share premium liability	-	(16)
Working capital surplus	23,954	55

*(1) Casing acquired but not used for a previous well which will be used on Blackbird’s next well.*

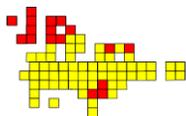
## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (CONTINUED)

As at April 30, 2015, Blackbird had a working capital surplus of \$24.0 million (July 31, 2014 – \$55 thousand) and no debt. The increase in working capital surplus compared to July 31, 2014 is due to the private placements discussed under the heading “Q3 2015 Operating Summary – Funding Drilling Operations” above, partially offset by drilling, completions, and testing costs associated with the 6-26 and 5-26 wells and land acquisitions. The Company relies on equity financings to fund its capital requirements and to provide liquidity for operations. From time to time Blackbird may supplement its liquidity with the proceeds from the sale of assets.



## SHARE CAPITAL & SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

During the nine months ended April 30, 2015, the Company completed three private placements as described under the heading “Q3 2015 Operating Summary – Funding Drilling Operations” above.



## SHARE CAPITAL & SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CONTINUED)

A reconciliation of the Company's shareholders' equity as at July 31, 2014, compared to the Company's shareholders' equity as at April 30, 2015, is as follows:

<i>(CDN\$ thousands, except share amounts, unaudited)</i>	<b>Number of Common Shares (000's)</b>	<b>Number of Special Warrants (000's)</b>	<b>Share Capital</b>	<b>Share-Based Payment Reserve</b>	<b>Deficit</b>	<b>Total</b>
At July 31, 2014	192,117	-	21,628	2,932	(13,388)	11,172
Issuance of special warrants	-	110,345	32,000	-	-	32,000
Exercise of special warrants	-	(110,345)	(32,000)	-	-	(32,000)
Distribution of common shares upon exercise of special warrants	110,345	-	32,000	-	-	32,000
Issuance of flow-through shares	32,051	-	12,714	-	-	12,714
Flow-through share premium	-	-	(2,704)	-	-	(2,704)
Share issue costs	-	-	(2,226)	-	-	(2,226)
Exercise of stock options and warrants	16,090	-	2,500	(87)	-	2,413
Issuance of commons shares on conversion of convertible debentures and accrued interest	3,453	-	397	-	-	397
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	2,205	-	2,205
Net loss and comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	(2,999)	(2,999)
<b>At April 30, 2015</b>	<b>354,056</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>64,309</b>	<b>5,050</b>	<b>(16,387)</b>	<b>52,972</b>

The following table summarizes the outstanding share capital as of the date of the MD&A:

	<b>Number of shares issued or issuable</b>
Common shares (including special warrants converted on December 23, 2014)	354,198,651
Stock options	23,485,711
Warrants	14,467,167
Agents' warrants	419,111
Special warrants (converted to common shares on December 23, 2014)	-

## CAPITAL EXPENDITURES AND DIVESTITURES

During the three and nine months ended April 30, 2015, the Company acquired an additional 26 and 54 sections of Elmworth Montney undeveloped land for cash consideration of \$1.7 million and \$5.2 million, respectively. During the nine months ended April 30, 2015, the Company also acquired 77 sections of East Wapiti Montney undeveloped land for cash consideration of \$0.5 million.

With these acquisitions, Blackbird now holds a 100% working interest in 81 sections (51,840 net acres) at the Company's core Elmworth Montney project. The Company's Elmworth Montney lands are subject to a gross overriding royalty of 2%.

## CAPITAL EXPENDITURES AND DIVESTITURES (CONTINUED)

As at April 30, 2015, no indicators of impairment were identified that would imply a decline in exploration and evaluation asset carrying values.

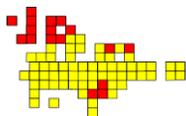
The following tables summarize the net capital expenditures of the Company during the three and nine months ended April 30, 2015 and 2014.

	Three Months Ended		Nine months ended	
	April 30 2015	April 30 2014	April 30 2015	April 30 2014
<i>(CDN\$ thousands)</i>				
Exploration and evaluation drilling	1,897	-	22,064	-
Property and equipment drilling	-	4,382	24	5,038
Plants, facilities and pipelines	70	-	459	88
Land and lease	980	828	5,950	1,301
Capital well workovers	-	-	80	1
Capitalized general and administrative expenses	198	-	459	-
Bigstone disposition	-	-	(9,047)	-
<b>Net capital expenditures</b>	<b>3,145</b>	<b>5,210</b>	<b>19,989</b>	<b>6,428</b>

	Three Months Ended		Nine months ended	
	April 30 2015	April 30 2014	April 30 2015	April 30 2014
<i>(CDN\$ thousands)</i>				
Elmworth	3,177	828	28,578	1,257
Saskatchewan Minor	(32)	4,382	455	5,171
<b>Net capital expenditures from continuing operations</b>	<b>3,145</b>	<b>5,210</b>	<b>29,033</b>	<b>6,428</b>
Bigstone	-	-	3	-
Bigstone disposition	-	-	(9,047)	-
<b>Net capital expenditures from discontinued operations</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(9,044)</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Net capital expenditures</b>	<b>3,145</b>	<b>5,210</b>	<b>19,989</b>	<b>6,428</b>

### NON-CORE ASSET DIVESTITURE: BIGSTONE DISPOSITION

On September 15, 2014, the Company completed the sale of its Bigstone CGU in west central Alberta for cash proceeds of \$8.8 million plus customary closing adjustments of \$0.1 million. This CGU had a carrying value of \$9.0 million resulting in a loss on disposition of \$0.1 million, as per the calculation below. All discontinued operations discussed in this MD&A are related to the Bigstone CGU.



### NON-CORE ASSET DIVESTITURE: BIGSTONE DISPOSITION (CONTINUED)

<b>Proceeds from disposition</b>		<i>(CDN\$ thousands)</i>
Cash received		8,800
Transaction costs		(20)
Proceeds net of transaction costs		8,780
<b>Net assets and liabilities disposed at carrying value</b>		
Decommissioning provisions		(140)
Net assets		9,047
<b>Net loss on disposition</b>		<b>(127)</b>

### CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

At April 30, 2015, the Company has committed to future payments over the next five years, as follows:

<i>(CDN\$ thousands)</i>	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Thereafter	Total
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	852	-	-	-	-	-	852
Office rent	103	248	248	62	-	-	661
	<b>955</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>62</b>	-	-	<b>1,513</b>

The Company was required to incur and renounce \$12.7 million of eligible Canadian Exploration Expenditures (“CEE”) by December 31, 2015 in connection with the issuance of flow-through shares during the nine months ended April 30, 2015. As at April 30, 2015, all \$12.7 million of these qualifying expenditures were incurred and renounced.

The Company is not involved in any claims or litigation at this time. The Company maintains insurance, which in the opinion of the Company, is in place and is adequate to address any future claims as to matters insured.

### GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE (G&A) EXPENSES

<i>(CDN\$ thousands, except where otherwise noted)</i>	Three Months Ended		Nine months ended	
	April 30 2015	April 30 2014	April 30 2015	April 30 2014
Gross general and administrative (G&A) expense	838	376	2,536	838
Capitalized G&A expense	(198)	-	(459)	-
Total net G&A expense	640	376	2,077	838
G&A expense (\$/boe)	613.61	165.53	198.52	77.66

(1) All G&A is related to continuing operations.

## GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE (G&A) EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

During the three months ended April 30, 2015, gross G&A expenses from continuing operations increased to \$0.8 million from \$0.4 million for the same period in 2014. The increase was a result of hiring additional employees during the period which caused an increase to salaries and wages and office rent.

For the nine months ended April 30, 2015, gross G&A expenses from continuing operations increased to \$2.5 million from \$0.8 million for the same period in 2014. The increase was a result of hiring additional employees during the period, which caused an increase to salaries and wages and office rent, as well as increased legal fees incurred related to the Company's private placements.

## SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

	Three Months Ended		Nine months ended	
	April 30 2015	April 30 2014	April 30 2015	April 30 2014
<i>(CDN\$ thousands)</i>				
Share-based compensation – stock option expense	<b>385</b>	18	<b>2,206</b>	512

*All share-based compensation is related to continuing operations.*

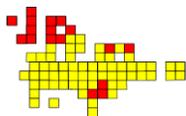
During the three months ended April 30, 2015, share-based compensation of \$0.4 million in the form of stock option expense was incurred, with \$0.3 million related to key employees and \$28 thousand related to Directors (April 30, 2014 - \$nil related to key employees and Directors). No share-based compensation expense was capitalized during the three months ended April 30, 2015 or 2014.

During the nine months ended April 30, 2015, share-based compensation of \$2.2 million in the form of stock option expense was incurred, with \$1.1 million related to key employees and \$0.3 million related to Directors (April 30, 2014 - \$0.3 million related to key employees and Directors). No share-based compensation expense was capitalized during the nine months ended April 30, 2015 or 2014.

Blackbird believes that compensation tied to shareholder return is critical for attracting top-tier individuals who share the common mandate of generating shareholder value.

## Q3 2015 Financial Highlights: Non-Core Properties

Blackbird's non-core properties consist of its operated Saskatchewan wells and non-operated Alberta wells. During the three months ended April 30, 2015, the Company began the process of shutting-in production at these wells due to depressed commodity pricing. Subsequent to April 30, 2015, the Company divested non-core Saskatchewan assets as discussed under the heading "Sale of Non-core Saskatchewan Assets" above.



## PRODUCTION

During the three months ended April 30, 2015, production from continuing operations averaged 12 boe/d compared to 26 boe/d for the same period in 2014. The decrease in production is the result of lower oil and gas volumes caused by wells being shut-in.

During the nine months ended April 30, 2015, production from continuing operations averaged 38 boe/d compared to 40 boe/d for the same period in 2014. The production remained relatively consistent period to period as there was very limited capital expenditure allocated to non-core properties, and the properties are low decline. The impact of wells that were shut-in during the current quarter on production volumes in the nine months ended April 30, 2015, was lessened as compared to the impact on volumes for the three months ended April 30, 2015, due to the longer time period.

	Three Months Ended		Nine months ended	
	April 30 2015	April 30 2014	April 30 2015	April 30 2014
<b>Commodity</b>				
Natural gas (mcf/d)	-	34	47	47
Crude oil (bbls/d)	12	20	29	32
Natural gas liquids (bbls/d)	-	-	1	-
Total production from continuing operations (boe/d) (6:1)	12	26	38	40
Total production from discontinued operations (boe/d) (6:1)	-	16	1	20
<b>Total production (boe/d) (6:1)</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>60</b>

	Three Months Ended		Nine months ended	
	April 30 2015	April 30 2014	April 30 2015	April 30 2014
<b>Region</b>				
Alberta Minor (boe/d)	-	2	9	-
Saskatchewan Minor (boe/d)	12	24	29	40
Total production from continuing operations (boe/d) (6:1)	12	26	38	40
Bigstone (boe/d) (discontinued operations)	-	16	1	20
<b>Total production (boe/d) (6:1)</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>60</b>

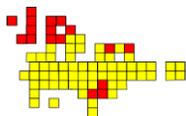
## PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS SALES

	Three Months Ended		Nine months ended	
	April 30 2015	April 30 2014	April 30 2015	April 30 2014
<i>(CDN\$ thousands, except where otherwise noted)</i>				
<b>Petroleum and natural gas sales</b>				
Natural gas	-	10	60	37
Crude oil	32	151	439	595
Natural gas liquids	-	2	20	2
Royalties	(6)	(27)	(42)	(69)
Petroleum and natural gas sales from continuing operations	26	136	477	565
Petroleum and natural gas sales from discontinued operations	-	55	4	191
<b>Total petroleum and natural gas sales</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>481</b>	<b>756</b>
<b>Average sales price</b>				
Natural gas (\$/mcf)	5.07	5.99	4.54	3.95
Crude oil (\$/bbl)	31.12	76.65	54.80	73.16
Natural gas liquids (\$/bbl)	4.50	70.31	64.56	66.11
<b>Average sales price (\$/boe)</b>	<b>30.32</b>	<b>57.22</b>	<b>49.40</b>	<b>54.81</b>
<b>Benchmark prices</b>				
AECO Gas (\$/mcf) <sup>(1)</sup>	3.01	4.50	3.01	4.50
SaskEnergy Gas (\$/mcf) <sup>(1)</sup>	2.92	4.39	2.92	4.39
Hardisty Heavy Oil (\$/bbl) <sup>(1)</sup>	43.33	73.73	43.33	73.73
Edmonton Butane (\$/bbl) <sup>(1)</sup>	46.78	69.20	46.78	69.20

(1) Source: Independent qualified reserves evaluator.

During the three months ended April 30, 2015, petroleum and natural gas sales from continuing operations, net of royalties were \$26 thousand compared to \$136 thousand during the same period in 2014. This was primarily the result of lower production volumes caused by wells being shut-in during the current quarter and lower crude oil and liquids prices.

During the nine months ended April 30, 2015, petroleum and natural gas sales from continuing operations, net of royalties were \$0.5 million compared to \$0.6 million during the same period in 2014. During the nine months ended April 30, 2015, compared to the same period in 2014, there were consistent oil and gas production volumes. Blackbird realized an average crude oil sales price of \$54.80 per boe during the nine months ended April 30, 2015, compared to \$73.16 per boe in the nine months ended April 30, 2014, exclusive of royalties, resulting in a decrease in overall sales. Natural gas sales remained fairly consistent as Blackbird realized a price of \$4.54 per mcf during the nine months ended April 30, 2015, compared to \$3.95 per mcf in the nine months ended April 30, 2014, exclusive of royalties.



## ROYALTIES

	Three Months Ended		Nine months ended	
	April 30 2015	April 30 2014	April 30 2015	April 30 2014
<i>(CDN\$ thousands, except where otherwise noted)</i>				
Royalties				
Crown	1	2	8	11
Freehold and overriding	5	25	34	58
Total royalties from continuing operations	6	27	42	69
Total royalties from discontinued operations	-	8	-	16
Total	6	35	42	85
Royalties (\$/boe)	4.98	6.73	3.97	5.16
Average royalty rate (%)	23.0	18.3	8.7	11.2

Blackbird pays royalties to provincial governments, freehold landowners and overriding royalty owners. Royalties are calculated and paid based on petroleum and natural gas sales net of transportation. Crown royalties on Alberta natural gas production are calculated based on the Alberta Reference Price, which may vary from Blackbird's realized corporate price, impacting the average royalty rate. In addition, various items impact the average royalty rate paid, such as cost of service credits and other royalty credit programs.

Royalties on horizontal gas wells drilled in Alberta in 2015 and beyond generally bear royalties at a maximum of 5% for 18 months or until cumulative production reaches 50,000 boe. Horizontal oil wells generally bear royalties at a maximum of 5% for 18 to 48 months until cumulative production reaches 50,000 boe to 100,000 boe, depending on well depth. Wells in Saskatchewan generally bear royalties at 2.5% until cumulative production reaches 50,000 boe. Blackbird anticipates that production from wells drilled in 2014 and 2015 would qualify for these lower royalty rates.

Natural gas and liquids royalties for the three months ended April 30, 2015 were \$6 thousand or 23.0% of total petroleum and natural gas sales compared to 18.3% during the same period in 2014. The increase in rates was due to Gas Cost Allowance adjustments.

Natural gas and liquids royalties for the nine months ended April 30, 2015 were \$42 thousand or 8.7% of total petroleum and natural gas sales compared to 11.2% during the same period in 2014. The decrease in the royalty rate was due to Gas Cost Allowance adjustments.

## FINANCING COSTS

Financing costs for the Company during the periods ended April 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Nine months ended	
	April 30 2015	April 30 2014	April 30 2015	April 30 2014
<i>(CDN\$ thousands)</i>				
Accretion of decommissioning provision <sup>(1)</sup>	6	7	23	17
Interest on loan payable	-	-	10	-
	6	7	33	17

*(1) This table includes both continuing operations and discontinued operations.*

## OPERATING NETBACK AND FUNDS USED FOR CONTINUING OPERATIONS

	<i>(CDN\$ thousands)</i>			<i>(\$/boe)</i>		
	2015	2014	% change	2015	2014	% change
<i>Three Months ended April 30</i>						
Petroleum and natural gas sales	32	163	(80)	29.96	70.44	(57)
Royalties	(6)	(27)	(78)	(5.62)	(11.67)	(52)
	26	136	(81)	24.34	58.77	(59)
Operating, production and transportation	(151)	(248)	(39)	(141.39)	(107.17)	32
<b>Operating netback<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>(125)</b>	<b>(112)</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>(117.04)</b>	<b>(48.40)</b>	<b>142</b>
General and administrative	(640)	(376)	70	(599.25)	(162.49)	269
Interest income	119	8	1,388	111.42	3.46	3,123
Interest expense	-	(4)	(100)	-	(1.73)	(100)
<b>Funds used for operations<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>(646)</b>	<b>(484)</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>(604.87)</b>	<b>(209.16)</b>	<b>189</b>
Decommissioning expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	-
Changes in non-cash working capital	(160)	(235)	(32)	(149.81)	(101.56)	48
Funds from (used) by discontinued operations	-	11	(100)	-	4.75	(100)
<b>Cash used in operating activities</b>	<b>(806)</b>	<b>(708)</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>(754.68)</b>	<b>(305.96)</b>	<b>147</b>

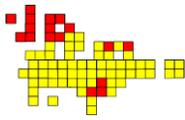
(1) Non-IFRS measure.

For the three months ended April 30, 2015, funds used for operations was \$0.6 million compared to funds used for operations of \$0.5 million for the same period in 2014. This was primarily the result of increased G&A expense due to the Company's increased asset base, number of employees and office rent. Operating netbacks remained consistent period over period.

	<i>(CDN\$ thousands)</i>			<i>(\$/boe)</i>		
	2015	2014	% change	2015	2014	% change
<i>Nine months ended April 30</i>						
Petroleum and natural gas sales	519	632	(18)	50.03	57.88	(14)
Royalties	(42)	(67)	(37)	(4.05)	(6.14)	(34)
	477	565	(16)	45.98	51.74	(11)
Operating, production and transportation	(609)	(857)	(29)	(58.70)	(78.48)	(25)
<b>Operating netback<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>(132)</b>	<b>(292)</b>	<b>(55)</b>	<b>(12.72)</b>	<b>(26.74)</b>	<b>(52)</b>
General and administrative	(2,077)	(838)	148	(200.21)	(76.74)	161
Interest income	249	17	1,365	24.00	1.56	1,442
Interest expense	(10)	(9)	11	(0.96)	(0.82)	17
<b>Funds used for operations<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>(1,970)</b>	<b>(1,122)</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>(189.90)</b>	<b>(102.75)</b>	<b>85</b>
Decommissioning expenditures	(32)	-	100	(3.08)	-	100
Changes in non-cash working capital	(236)	(496)	(52)	(22.75)	(45.42)	(50)
Funds (used) from discontinued operations	(25)	53	(147)	(2.41)	4.85	(150)
<b>Cash used in operating activities</b>	<b>(2,263)</b>	<b>(1,565)</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>(218.14)</b>	<b>(143.32)</b>	<b>52</b>

(1) Non-IFRS measure.

For the nine months ended April 30, 2015, funds used for operations was \$2.0 million compared to funds used for operations of \$1.1 million for the same period in 2014. This was primarily the result of increased G&A expense due to the Company's increased asset base, increased salary and office rent expense, due to the Company having substantially more employees, and legal fees due to the completion of the Bigstone disposition and private

**OPERATING NETBACK AND FUNDS USED FOR CONTINUING OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)**

placements. The increased G&A was partially offset by higher operating netback resulting from decreased operating expenses compared to the same period in 2014.

**SENSITIVITIES**

The following sensitivity analysis is provided to demonstrate the impact of changes in commodity prices on petroleum and natural gas sales from continuing operations for the nine months ended April 30, 2015, and is based on the balances disclosed in this MD&A and the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine months ended April 30, 2015:

<i>(CDN\$ thousands)</i>	Petroleum and Natural Gas Sales <sup>(1)</sup>
Change in average sales price for natural gas by \$1.00/mcf	13
Change in the average sales price for crude oil and natural gas liquids by \$1.00/bbl	8
Change in natural gas production by 1 mmcf/d <sup>(2)</sup>	1,238
Change in crude oil and natural gas liquids production by 100 bbls/d <sup>(2)</sup>	1,496

*(1) Reflects the change in petroleum and natural gas sales for the nine months ended April 30, 2015.*

*(2) Reflects the change in production multiplied by Blackbird's average sales prices for the nine months ended April 30, 2015.*

**DEPLETION, DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT**

For the three months ended April 30, 2015, depletion and depreciation was \$9 thousand or \$8.95 per boe compared to \$43 thousand or \$11.56 per boe for the same period in 2014. The depletion and depreciation expense per boe decreased compared to the same period in 2014 due to a smaller reserve base caused by impairments recognized during the current year.

For the nine months ended April 30, 2015, depletion and depreciation was \$221 thousand or \$21.14 per boe compared to \$201 thousand or \$17.09 per boe for the same period in 2014. The increase in depletion and depreciation expense per boe compared to the same period in 2014 was a result of a smaller reserves base with the disposition of Bigstone occurring in the three months ended October 31, 2014.

The calculation of depletion and depreciation for the nine months ended April 30, 2015, included an estimated \$nil (April 30, 2014 - \$8.2 million) for future development capital associated with proved plus probable undeveloped reserves and excluded \$30.3 million (April 30, 2014 - \$1.8 million) related to exploration and evaluation assets.

During the three months ended April 30, 2015, the Company recognized an impairment of \$nil to property and equipment (April 30, 2014 - \$nil) as there were no indicators of impairment.

During the nine months ended April 30, 2015, the Company recognized an impairment of \$1.2 million to property and equipment (April 30, 2014 - \$0.2 million) to reflect the low oil and natural gas price environment for future production. The Company recorded net impairments of \$0.3 million in the Alberta Minor CGU and \$0.9 million in the Saskatchewan Minor CGU during the nine months ended April 30, 2015 (April 30, 2014 - \$0.2 million in the Alberta Minor CGU).

## Related Party Transactions

During the nine months ended April 30, 2015 and 2014 the Company engaged in the following transactions with key management:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	April 30 2015	April 30 2014	April 30 2015	April 30 2014
<i>(CDN\$ thousands)</i>				
Accounting and administration fees paid to a company owned by the Company's former Chief Financial Officer	19	17	70	56
Management fees paid to a company owned by the Company's Chief Executive Officer	-	26	39	74
Consulting fees paid to companies owned by the Company's Vice President, Exploration and Vice President, Business Development	-	-	63	-
Share-based compensation of key employees and key contractors*	315	16	1,112	341
Stock options capitalized on acquisition of Pennant	-	88	-	88
	<b>334</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>1,284</b>	<b>559</b>

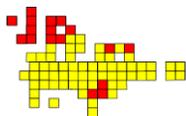
\*The Chief Executive Officer and former Chief Operating Officer also serve as members of the Board of Directors. All related share-based compensation is included as that of key employees and key contractors for these individuals. All other share-based compensation of independent Board members is included as that of Directors in the following table.

During the nine months ended April 30, 2015, the Company issued 3,452,840 common shares valued at \$0.4 million pursuant to the conversion of 345 convertible debentures, of which 595,402 common shares valued at \$0.1 million were converted by management. As at April 30, 2015, all convertible debentures had been converted into common shares and a balance of \$nil remained payable (July 31, 2014 - \$0.4 million).

During the nine months ended April 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company engaged in the following transactions with related parties other than key management:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	April 30 2015	April 30 2014	April 30 2015	April 30 2014
<i>(CDN\$ thousands)</i>				
Legal fees paid to a law firm controlled by a member of the Audit Committee	39	26	181	72
Share issue costs paid to a law firm controlled by a member of the Company's Audit Committee	-	-	92	14
Consulting fees paid to a member of the Company's Audit Committee	-	-	10	-
Share-based compensation of Directors	28	-	332	-
Rent and services from a former Director	-	-	-	8
	<b>67</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>94</b>

All related party services and transactions discussed above and as disclosed in other notes in these financial statements were measured and disclosed at their settlement value, which is the fair value agreed to by the parties in the normal course of business and under normal industry terms. As of April 30, 2015 there was \$20 thousand outstanding in accounts payable related to these service providers (July 31, 2014 - \$28 thousand).



## Outlook

This quarter represented a period of positive change for Blackbird. The disposition of the Company's Saskatchewan assets marks a significant milestone as the Company continues to shift focus away from non-core operations and onto its Elmworth asset. In addition, the Company continued to increase its Elmworth land position and build the team needed to capture potential value of this asset through operational and financial execution.

It was also announced that Blackbird's summer drill program will consist of one Elmworth Montney horizontal well. The team will be strongly focused on further reducing drilling and completions costs on this well as we take advantage of the experience gained from the 6-26 and 5-26 wells and the challenging market conditions. Infrastructure and tie-in will also remain a key focal point for the Company as we continue to strive to create further value for our shareholders from our highly prospective Elmworth Montney play.

## Quarterly Financial Summary

<i>(CDN\$ thousands except per share and production amounts)</i>	<b>2015</b>	2015	2015	2014	2014	2014	2014	2013
	<b>Q3</b>	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4
Total assets	<b>55,481</b>	71,822	50,214	13,649	14,146	9,698	8,115	7,817
Working capital	<b>23,954</b>	27,028	40,200	55	552	889	358	510
Elmworth Montney land sections	<b>81</b>	55	43	27	27	21	18	7
East Wapiti Montney land sections	<b>77</b>	77	77	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Production</b>								
Natural gas (mcf/d)	-	77	68	151	119	96	174	134
Crude oil and natural gas liquids (bbl/d)	<b>12</b>	33	48	41	22	39	57	54
<b>Total (boe/d)</b>	<b>12</b>	46	59	66	42	55	86	76
Petroleum & natural gas sales	<b>32</b>	151	338	446	218	224	381	460
Net (loss) income and comprehensive (loss) income	<b>(1,046)</b>	752	(2,708)	(1,476)	(541)	(1,211)	(388)	(2,921)
Net (loss) income and comprehensive (loss) income per share – basic and diluted	<b>(0.01)</b>	0.01	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.03)
Cash used in operations	<b>(806)</b>	(551)	(907)	(1,144)	(362)	(856)	(110)	(279)
Cash used in operations per share – basic and diluted	<b>(0.01)</b>	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)

*This table includes both continuing operations and discontinued operations in comparative periods.*

Significant factors and trends that have impacted Blackbird's results during the above periods include:

- Revenue is directly impacted by Blackbird's ability to replace existing production and add incremental production through its workover, recompletion and capital expenditure program.
- Fluctuations in Blackbird's petroleum and natural gas sales from quarter to quarter are primarily caused by variations in production volumes, realized oil and natural gas prices and the related impact of royalties.

## Quarterly Financial Summary (Continued)

(c) Fluctuations in Blackbird's net loss and cash used in operations from quarter to quarter are primarily caused by variations in petroleum and natural gas sales and G&A costs.

(d) Completion of the plan of arrangement with Pennant Energy Inc. on April 17, 2014.

Please refer to the other sections of this MD&A for the detailed discussions on changes for the three and nine months ended April 30, 2015.

## Risk Factors

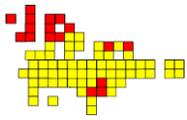
The Blackbird management team conducts focused strategic planning and has identified the key risks, uncertainties and opportunities associated with Company's business that can affect its financial results. They include, but are not limited to:

### RESERVES AND RESOURCE ESTIMATES

Blackbird's exploration and production activities are concentrated in the Western Canada Sedimentary Basin, where the industry is very competitive. There are a number of risks facing participants in the oil and natural gas industry, some of which are common to all businesses, while others are specific to the sector. These include risks such as finding and developing oil and natural gas reserves economically, geological risk, estimating reserves, producing the reserves in commercial quantities, finding a suitable market at attractive commodity prices, financial and liquidity risks, and environmental and safety risks. Blackbird's future oil and natural gas reserves and production and, therefore, its cash flows, will be highly dependent on the Company's success in exploiting its reserve base, executing a successful exploration program and acquiring additional reserves.

The Company mitigates the risk of finding and developing economical oil and natural gas reserves by utilizing a team of highly qualified professionals with expertise and experience in these areas. Blackbird attempts to maximize drilling success by exploring areas that have multi-zone opportunities, including targeting deeper horizons with uphole potential, continuously assessing new acquisition opportunities to complement existing activities and, depending on the scope of the Elmworth resource, balancing higher-risk exploratory drilling with lower-risk development drilling. Beyond exploration risk, there is the potential that the Company's oil and natural gas reserves may not be economically produced at prevailing prices. Blackbird minimizes this risk by generating exploration prospects internally, targeting high quality projects, operating projects, and by attempting to access sales markets through Company-owned infrastructure or mid-stream operators.

Blackbird has retained an independent engineering consulting firm that assists the Company in evaluating oil and natural gas reserves. Reserve values are based on a number of variable factors and assumptions such as commodity prices, projected production, future production costs and governmental regulation. The reserves and recovery information contained in the independent reserves evaluation is an estimate. The actual production and ultimate reserves from the properties may be greater or less than the estimates prepared by the independent reserves evaluator.



## COMMODITY PRICE RISK

Commodity prices for petroleum and natural gas are impacted by global economic events that dictate the levels of supply and demand, as well as the relationship between the Canadian dollar and the US dollar. Significant changes in commodity prices may materially impact the Company's ability to raise capital. The Company does not have any financial risk management contracts in place at April 30, 2015 to manage these risks.

## OPERATIONAL MATTERS

The operation of oil and natural gas wells involves a number of operating and natural hazards that may result in blowouts, environmental damage and other unexpected or dangerous conditions resulting in damage to Blackbird and possible liability to third parties. Blackbird has established an environmental, health and safety program and has updated its operational emergency response plan and operational safety manual to address these operational issues. Blackbird maintains a comprehensive insurance plan, which includes liability insurance, where available, in amounts consistent with industry standards, to the extent that such insurance is available, to mitigate risks and protect against significant losses where possible. Blackbird may become liable for damages arising from such events against which it cannot insure or against which it may elect not to insure because of high premiums or other reasons. Blackbird operates in accordance with all applicable environmental legislation and strives to maintain compliance with such regulations. Blackbird's mandate includes ongoing development of procedures, standards and systems to allow Blackbird staff to make the best decisions possible and ensuring those decisions are in compliance with the Company's environmental, health and safety policies. Although management takes all reasonable steps to ensure verify title of properties it has an interest in, management can provide no assurance that there will not be title disputes or undetected defects.

## INTEREST RATE RISK

The Company's exposure to fluctuations in interest expense on its net loss and comprehensive income, assuming reasonably possible changes in the variable interest rate of +/- 1%, is insignificant. This analysis assumes all other variables remain constant.

## FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK

The Company is exposed to foreign currency fluctuations as oil and gas prices received are referenced to US dollar denominated prices.

## CREDIT RISK

The Company's credit risk exposure is related to joint interest billings, goods and services tax receivable, and cash and cash equivalents. As at April 30, 2015, the Company had \$0.4 million net receivable from goods and service tax with the remaining balance collectible from joint interest billings. The Company's allowance for doubtful accounts at April 30, 2015, was \$nil and the Company expects to collect all outstanding accounts receivable (July 31, 2014 - \$nil).

At April 30, 2015, cash and cash equivalents was comprised of \$23.1 million of cash held at financial institutions (July 31, 2014 - \$0.7 million cash held at financial institutions).

## **LIQUIDITY RISK**

The Company relies on equity financings to fund its capital requirements and to provide liquidity for operations. From time to time Blackbird may supplement its liquidity with the proceeds from the sale of assets.

## **CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

The Company's primary objectives in managing its capital structure are to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the costs of capital at an acceptable level of risk, which maintains sufficient liquidity to support ongoing operations, capital expenditure programs, and strategic initiatives, and which maximizes shareholder returns. The Company manages its capital structure to support current and future business plans and periodically adjusts the structure in response to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the Company's underlying assets and operations.

The Company monitors metrics such as the Company's debt-to-equity and debt-to-cash flow ratios, among others to measure the status of its capital structure. The Company has currently not established fixed quantitative thresholds for such metrics. Depending on market conditions, the Company's capital structure may be adjusted by issuing or repurchasing shares, issuing or repurchasing debt, refinancing existing debt, modifying capital spending programs and disposing of assets. The Company considers its capital structure to include shareholders' equity and debt. The Company does not have any debt as at April 30, 2015.

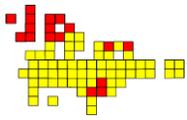
The oil and natural gas industry is a very capital-intensive industry, and in order to fully realize the Company's strategic goals and business plans, Blackbird will rely on equity markets as a source of new capital in addition to bank financing and internally generated cash flow to fund its ongoing capital investments. Blackbird's ability to raise additional capital will depend on a number of factors that are beyond the Company's control, such as general economic and market conditions. Internally generated funds will also fluctuate with changing commodity prices.

## **CHANGES IN INCOME TAX LEGISLATION**

In the future, income tax laws or other laws may be changed or interpreted in a manner that adversely affects Blackbird or its shareholders. Tax authorities having jurisdiction over Blackbird or its shareholders may disagree with how Blackbird calculates its income for tax purposes to the detriment of Blackbird and its shareholders.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS**

The oil and natural gas industry is subject to environmental regulation pursuant to local, provincial and federal legislation. A breach of such legislation may result in the imposition of fines or issuance of clean-up orders in respect of Blackbird or its working interests. Such legislation may be changed to impose higher standards and potentially more costly obligations to Blackbird. Blackbird focuses on conducting transparent, safe and responsible operations in the communities in which it operates.



## GOING CONCERN RISK

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended April 30, 2015 and related notes attached thereto have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon its ability to continue to raise adequate financing and to commence profitable operations in the future. The Company expects its current capital resources will be sufficient to complete its exploration and development plans and operations through its current operating year but may need to raise additional funds through future debt or equity issuances. The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

## PROJECT RISKS

Blackbird's ability to execute projects and market oil and natural gas depends on numerous factors beyond its control, including the availability of processing capacity, availability and proximity of pipeline capacity, availability of storage capacity, supply of and demand for oil and natural gas, availability of alternative fuel sources, effects of inclement weather, availability of drilling and related equipment, unexpected cost increases, accidental events, change in regulations, and availability and productivity of skilled labour. Because of these factors, Blackbird may be unable to execute projects on time, on budget or at all, and may not be able to effectively market the oil and natural gas that it produces.

Readers should also refer to the risk factors summarized under the heading "Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Information Form for the year ended July 31, 2014.

## Basis of Presentation

The Company's financial statements and financial information contained in this MD&A have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as detailed in the Company's accounting policies disclosed in the audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended July 31, 2014 and 2013 as filed on SEDAR. The accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements. The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto as at and for the years ended July 31, 2014 and 2013. Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation. The Company's financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.

## Critical Accounting Estimates

The timely preparation of financial statements and the financial information contained in this MD&A requires that management make estimates and assumptions and use judgment regarding assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as at the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, actual results may differ from estimated amounts as future confirming events occur.

New events or additional information may result in the revision of these estimates over time. Examples of these estimates include but are not limited to estimated revenues, royalties and operating expenses on production as at a specific reporting date but for which actual revenues and costs have not yet been received; estimated capital expenditures on projects that are in progress; estimated fair values of financial instruments that are subject to fluctuation depending on underlying commodity prices, foreign exchange rates and interest rates, volatility curves and the risk of non-performance; estimated value of decommissioning liabilities that depend on estimates of future costs and timing of expenditures; estimated future recoverable value of property and equipment and any associated impairment charges or recoveries; and estimated compensation expense under Blackbird's share-based compensation plan.

Blackbird has hired individuals and consultants who have the skills required to make such estimates and ensures that individuals or departments with the most knowledge of the activity are responsible for the estimates. Further, past estimates are reviewed and compared to actual results, and actual results are compared to budget in order to make more informed decisions on future estimates. For further information on certain estimates inherent in the financial statements, refer to Note 3 of the audited financial statements for the years ended July 31, 2014 and 2013.

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value for financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. When applicable, further information regarding the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability.

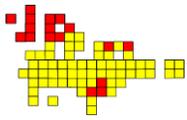
### EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS AND PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The fair value of property and equipment recognized in a business combination is based on market values. The market value of property and equipment is the estimated amount for which property and equipment could be exchanged on the acquisition date between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's-length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion.

The market value of petroleum and natural gas properties included in property and equipment and exploration and evaluation assets is estimated with reference to the discounted cash flows expected to be derived from oil and natural gas production based on externally prepared reserve reports. The risk-adjusted discount rate is specific to the asset with reference to general market conditions. The market value of other items of property and equipment is based on the quoted market prices for similar items.

### CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, DEPOSITS, ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

The fair value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, deposits, accounts payable and accrued liabilities is estimated as the present value of future cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date. The fair value of these balances approximated their carrying value at April 30, 2015 due to their short term to maturity.



## Critical Accounting Estimates (Continued)

### STOCK OPTIONS

The fair value of stock options is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Measurement inputs include share price on measurement date, exercise price of the instrument, expected volatility (based on weighted-average historical volatility adjusted for changes expected due to publicly available information), weighted-average expected life of the instruments (based on historical experience and general option-holder behavior) and the risk-free interest rate (based on Government of Canada bonds).

The Company classifies the fair value of these transactions according to the following hierarchy based on the nature of the observable inputs used to value the instrument.

Level 1 – Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date. Active markets are those in which transactions occur in sufficient frequency and volume to provide continuous pricing information.

Level 2 – Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets included in Level 1. Prices are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date. Level 2 valuations are based on inputs, including quoted forward prices for commodities, time value and volatility factors, which can be substantially observed or corroborated in the marketplace.

Level 3 – Valuations are derived from inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The Company is exposed to various financial instrument risks and management proactively assesses the potential impact and the likelihood of this exposure. These risks include commodity price risk, interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. When material, these risks are reviewed and monitored by the Board of Directors.

## Management's Responsibility for Financial Statements

Information provided in this report, including from the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements, is the responsibility of management. In the preparation of these statements, estimates are sometimes necessary to make a determination of future value for certain assets or liabilities. Management believes such estimates have been based on careful judgments and have been properly reflected in the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements. Management maintains a system of internal controls to provide reasonable assurances that the Company's assets are safeguarded and to facilitate the preparation of relevant and timely information.

## Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Blackbird has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

## Non-IFRS Measures

This MD&A contains references to funds used for operations, funds used for operations per share and operating netback, which are not defined under IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. These measures are non-IFRS financial measures that do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and are, therefore, unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers. Management of Blackbird believes funds used for operations, funds used for operations per share and operating netback are relevant indicators of Blackbird's financial performance and its ability to fund future capital expenditures. Funds used for operations and operating netback should not be considered an alternative to or more meaningful than cash flow from operating activities, as determined in accordance with IFRS, as an indicator of Blackbird's performance. Readers should refer to "Q3 2015 Financial Highlights: Non-Core Properties – Operating Netback and Funds Used for Continuing Operations" for a reconciliation has been prepared of funds used in operations and operating netback to cash from operating activities, the most comparable measure calculated in accordance with IFRS.

## BOE Presentation

Production information is commonly reported in units of barrel of oil equivalent ("boe"). For purposes of computing such units, natural gas is converted to equivalent barrels of oil using a conversion factor of six thousand cubic feet to one barrel of oil (6:1). This conversion ratio of 6:1 is based on an energy equivalency conversion method primary applicable at the burner tip and does not represent a value equivalency at the wellhead. Such disclosure of boe's may be misleading, particularly if used in isolation. Additionally, given the value ratio based on the current price of crude oil as compared to natural gas is significantly different from the energy equivalency of 6:1, utilizing a conversion ratio of 6:1 may be misleading as an indication of value. Readers should be aware that historical results are not necessarily indicative of future performance. Natural gas production is expressed in thousand cubic feet ("mcf"). Oil and natural gas liquids are expressed in barrels ("bbls").

## Forward-Looking Statements

This MD&A contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities laws. Readers are cautioned not to put undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements consist of statements that are not purely historical, including any statements regarding beliefs, plans, expectations or intentions regarding the future. These statements relate to future events or the Company's future performance, business prospects or opportunities. In particular, this MD&A contains forward-looking statements pertaining to the following:

- Business plans and strategies, including the Company's shifting focus onto its Elsworth asset;
- Capital expenditure, development and drilling programs, including the drilling of one horizontal well this summer;
- Methods and ability to finance operations, capital expenditure programs and working capital requirements;
- Timing and success of development and exploitation activities;
- Blackbird's ability to reduce costs and refine its drilling and completions program;
- Timing of tie-in of wells; and
- Blackbird's ability to mitigate infrastructure constraints related to the 6-26 and 5-26 wells and the timing thereof.

## Forward-Looking Statements (Continued)

With respect to forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A, management has made assumptions regarding future production levels; future oil and natural gas prices; future operating costs; timing and amount of capital expenditures; the ability to obtain financing on acceptable terms; availability of skilled labour and drilling and related equipment; general economic and financial market conditions; continuation of existing tax, royalty and regulatory regimes; and the ability to market oil and natural gas successfully. Although management considers these assumptions to be reasonable based on information currently available to it, they may prove to be incorrect.

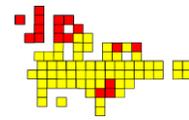
Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results, performance or developments to differ materially from those contained in the statements. No assurance can be given that any of the events anticipated by the forward-looking statements will occur or, if they do occur, what benefits the Company will obtain from them. These forward-looking statements reflect management's current views and are based on certain expectations, estimates and assumptions which may prove to be incorrect. A number of risks and uncertainties could cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements, including: (1) a downturn in general economic conditions in North America and internationally, (2) the inherent uncertainties and speculative nature associated with petroleum and gas exploration and production, (3) a decreased demand for petroleum or natural gas, (4) an increase in royalty rates applicable to the Company's production, (5) any number of events or causes which may delay or cease exploration and development of the Company's property interests, such as environmental liabilities, weather, mechanical failures, safety concerns and labour problems, (6) the risk that the Company does not execute its business plan, (7) inability to retain key employees, (8) inability to finance operations and growth, and (9) other factors beyond the Company's control.

These forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this discussion and, except as required by law, the Company assumes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements, or to update the reasons why actual results differed from those projected in the forward-looking statements.

The foregoing list of risk factors is not exhaustive. Additional information on these and other factors which could affect Blackbird's operations or financial results are included in Blackbird's most recent Annual Information Form. In addition, information is available in Blackbird's other reports on file with Canadian securities regulatory authorities.

## Additional Information

Additional information relating to Blackbird is filed on SEDAR and can be viewed at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com). Information can also be obtained on Blackbird's website at [www.blackbirdenergyinc.com](http://www.blackbirdenergyinc.com) or by contacting Blackbird at Blackbird Energy Inc., Suite 2200, 635 – 8th Avenue S.W., Calgary, Alberta, Canada T2P 3M3.

**ABBREVIATIONS****CRUDE OIL AND NATURAL GAS LIQUIDS**

bbbl	barrel
mbbls	thousand barrels
bbls/d	barrels per day
boe	barrels of oil equivalent of natural gas and crude oil on the basis of 1 bbl for 6 Mcf of natural gas (this conversion factor is an industry accepted norm and is not based on either actual energy content or current prices)
mboe	thousand barrels of oil equivalent
boe/d	barrels of oil equivalent per day
kPa	kilopascal
psi	pounds per square inch
NGL	natural gas liquids
2D	two dimensional seismic
WTI	West Texas Intermediate

**NATURAL GAS**

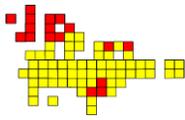
mcf	thousand cubic feet
mmcf	million cubic feet
bcf	billion cubic feet
mcf/d	thousand cubic feet per day
mmcf/d	million cubic feet per day
GJ	gigajoules
GJ/d	gigajoules per day
m <sup>3</sup>	metres cubed
mmbtu	million British Thermal Units
3D	three dimensional seismic
bwpd	barrels of water per day
M\$	thousands of dollars
AECO-C	Alberta Energy Company "C" Meter Station of the Nova Pipeline System

**FINANCIAL**

CICA	Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants
IFRS	International Financial Reporting Standards
MD&A	Management Discussion and Analysis
Q1	First quarter ended October 31 <sup>st</sup>
Q2	Second quarter ended January 31 <sup>st</sup>
Q3	Third quarter ended April 30 <sup>th</sup>
Q4	Fourth quarter ended July 31 <sup>st</sup>
CEE	Canadian Exploration Expense
CDE	Canadian Development Expense
COGPE	Canadian oil and gas property expenses

**CONVERSION OF UNITS****IMPERIAL = METRIC**

1 mcf	= 28.2 cubic metres
0.035 mcf	= 1 cubic metre
1 bbl	= 0.159 cubic metres
6.29 bbls	= 1 cubic metre
1 foot	= 0.3408 metres
3.281 feet	= 1 metre
1 mile	= 1.61 kilometres
0.62 miles	= 1 kilometre
1 acre	= 0.4 hectares
2.5 acres	= 1 hectare
1 mmbtu	= 1.054 GJ
0.949 mmbtu	= 1 GJ



## **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

**Garth Braun<sup>(1)</sup>**

President & Chief Executive Officer, Blackbird Energy Inc.

**Ron Schmitz<sup>(2)</sup>**

President, ASI Accounting Services Inc. & Executive Vice President, Director, Gold Canyon Resources Inc.

**Sean Campbell**

Vice President & Founder, Suretech Completions Ltd.

**William L. Macdonald<sup>(2)</sup>**

Founder and Principal, Macdonald Tuskey, Corporate and Securities Lawyers

**Kevin Andrus, CFA<sup>(2)</sup>**

Portfolio Manager of Energy Investments, GMT Capital Corp.

**Darrell Denney**

Director, Blackbird Energy Inc.

**Burton Joel Ahrens, J.D.**

President, The Edgehill Corporation

Notes

*(1) Chairman of the board.*

*(2) Member of the audit committee.*

### **OFFICERS**

**Garth Braun**

President & Chief Executive Officer

**Jeff Swainson**

Chief Financial Officer

**Ralph Allen, P.Geol.**

Vice President, Geoscience

**Joshua Mann**

Vice President, Business Development

**Randy Schmautz**

Vice President, Drilling and Completions

**Craig Wiebe**

Vice President, Exploration

**Don Noakes**

Vice President, Operations

### **HEAD OFFICE**

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Calgary, Alberta T2P 3M3

Phone: 403.699.9929

[www.blackbirdenergyinc.com](http://www.blackbirdenergyinc.com)

### **TRANSFER AGENT**

Computershare Investor Services Inc.  
510 Burrard Street, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor  
Vancouver, British Columbia V6C 3B9

### **LEGAL COUNSEL**

Macdonald Tuskey, LLP  
400, 570 Granville Street  
Vancouver, British Columbia V6C 3P1

### **BANKERS**

National Bank of Canada  
301, 6<sup>th</sup> Ave SW  
Calgary, Alberta T2P 4M9

### **AUDITORS**

Davidson & Company LLP  
1200, 609 Granville Street  
Vancouver, British Columbia V7Y 1G6

### **EVALUATION ENGINEERS**

GLJ Petroleum Consultants  
400, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ave SW  
Calgary, Alberta T2P 4H2

### **STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING**

Toronto Stock Exchange Venture  
Common Shares "BBI"



# BLACKBIRD

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